RALF DAHRENDORF **ROUNDTABLES**

TRANSATLANTIC TRADE IN THE TRUMP ERA: NEW STRATEGIES FOR EUROPE

From the Trade War to the possibility of co-operation to reduce the tariff and the overall trade liberalisation, there will be implications on overall relations between the EU and US. An assessment of the changing US position in the international economy. Come and be familiar with possibilities of new emerging trade deals between EU and other countries and discuss a better position for the UK intrade negotiations post-Brexit.

What strategies should Europe apply in the Trump Era of the Transatlantic Trade? Is there any strategy in the first place? What kind of ideas and tools are behind the European approach, and is it actually working? What are further possible developments of the Transatlantic Trade? Is there any ambition to sign a new trade agreement in the current political climate?

ROUNDTABLE DISCUSSION 20/11 2018 | 7:00 – 9:00 PM

PRAGUE HOUSE AVENUE PALMERSTON 16 BRUSSELS, BELGIUM

Discussion with

- 1. Dita Charanzová | Member, European Parliament, Vice Chair, Committee on the Internal Market and Consumer Protection (IMCO), ALDE/ ANO
- 2. Ivan Hodáč | Founder and President, Aspen Institute Central Europe
- 3. Petr Zahradník | Member, European Economic and Social Committee
- 4. Bruno Lété | Senior Fellow, German Marshall Fund of the United States

Moderated by Jan Macháček | Chairman of the Board of Trustee, Institute for Politics and Society

Working language English

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ABOUT THE RALF DAHRENDORF ROUNDTABLES

By connecting the roundtable series with the name of Lord Dahrendorf, ELF wishes to underline his achievements. In his many functions he championed liberal democracy and European integration. He consistently promoted the role of the EU as a guarantor of human rights and liberty. His wide experience combining science and politics provided an excellent background to his activity in the German Parliament for the liberal Free Democratic Party, as European Commissioner, as member of the British House of Lords and as Chairman of the Board of the Friedrich Naumann Foundation (1982-1987).

During his four years in Brussels (1970 - 1974), Lord Dahrendorf was responsible for the European Community's Foreign Relations and Trade, and later for Research, Science and Education. He actively supported a stronger Europe. As Commissioner he was a sharp critic of European Union bureaucracy while he was passionately in favour of a European Parliament exercising greater power.



